



**Application note:
AA2602-160**

NH₃ calibration on Volamine

Objective: This application note describes the procedure for calibrating ammonia (NH₃) on a micro gas chromatograph (μGC) using a LiqMix Nephos dynamic diluter. The aim is to obtain a reliable and reproducible calibration curve for the quantification of NH₃.

Principle: The LiqMix NEPHOS diluter generates ammonia gas mixtures from a liquid solution or a concentrated source, with precise control of the dilution flow rates. The μGC then analyses these mixtures in order to establish a relationship between the injected concentration and the detector response.

Materials and equipment:

- μGC fitted with a column suitable for NH₃
- LiqMix dynamic diluter (Nephos)
- Ammonia source (cylinder or solution)
- Carrier gas (He, N₂ or other, depending on configuration)
- Pressure regulators and flow meters
- NH₃-compatible tubing (inert materials recommended)



LiqMix Nephos + μGC 990

Gas 1 ?

Bouteille sélectionnée

Date de péremption : indéfinie

Composés :

Libellé	Formule	Concentration	Incertitude	Unité
Ammonia	NH ₃	100.00	0	ppm mol/mol
Oxygen	O ₂	20.900	0	% mol/mol
Nitrogen	N ₂	79.090	0	% mol/mol

Inconnu : 0.0 % Facteur K (calculé) : 0.996 (Air) ●

Composition of the NH₃ calibration cylinder

Operating conditions

- μ GC analytical method

Sample

Matrix: Air

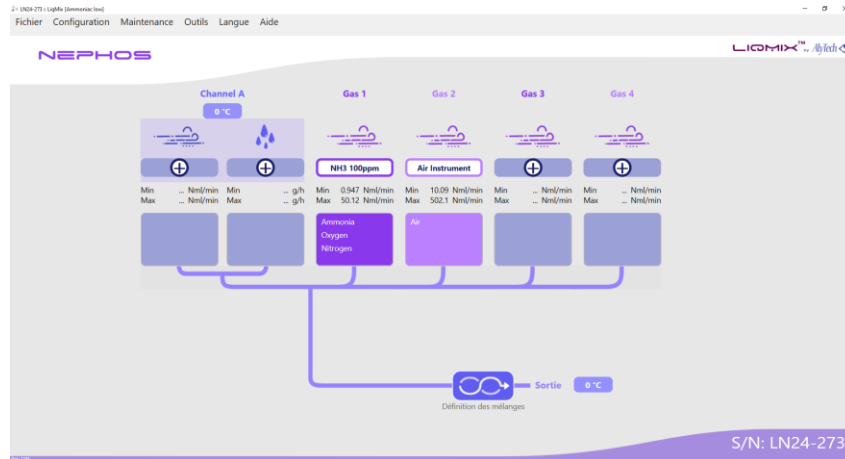
▪Compound: NH_3
100ppm, diluted

μ GC method

- Technique: μ GC 990
- Carrier gas: Helium
- Injector heating: 80°C
- Column: CP Volamine 15m x 0.32mm

- Column temperature: 50°C
- Injection time: 150 ms
- Column pressure: 22Psi
- Detector: μ TCD

- LiqMix NEPHOS diluter configuration:

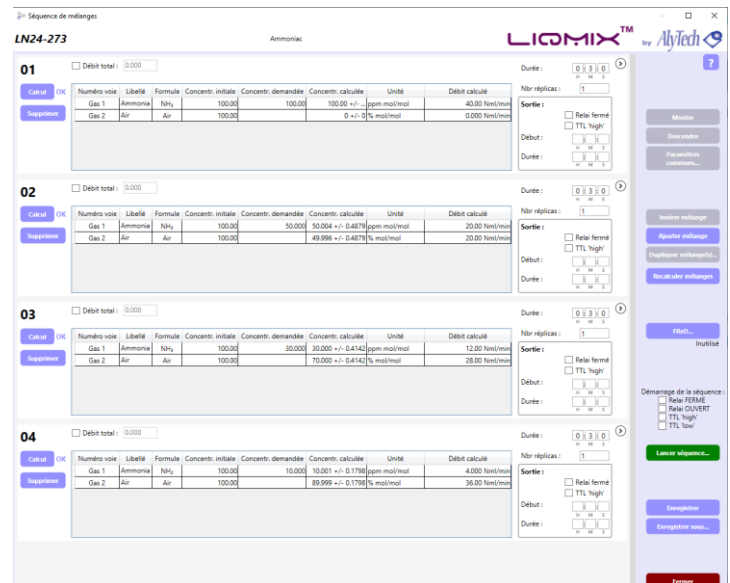


Diluter software interface

- A calibration sequence is configured in SOPRANE CDS, the μ GC control software developed by SRA Instruments, together with the corresponding dilution sequence in the diluter software. The individual sequence lines are automatically synchronised between the μ GC and the diluter, which simplifies the implementation of multi-point calibration curves.

+	Nom de la série	Méthode	Nombre d'analyses
🗑️	Calibration NH3 100ppm	NH3 150ms	11
🗑️	Calibration NH3 50ppm	NH3 150ms	11
🗑️	Calibration NH3 30ppm	NH3 150ms	11
🗑️	Calibration NH3 10ppm	NH3 150ms	11

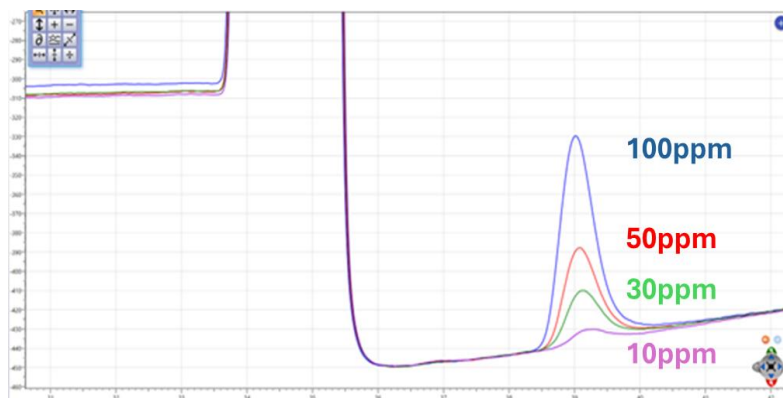
Calibration sequence prepared on the μ GC 990



Programmed dilution sequence

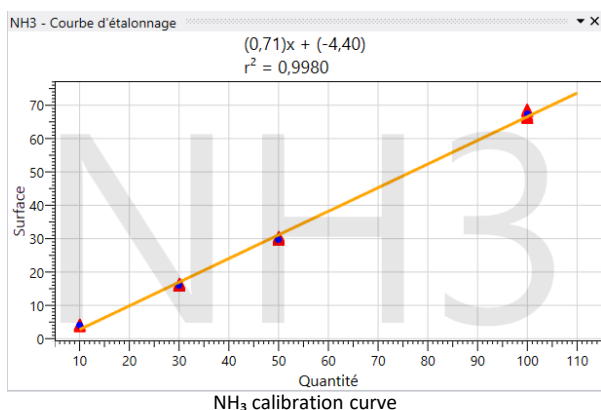
Results

The SOPRANE CDS software allows real-time monitoring of the analyses performed by the μ GC, as well as the configuration of data-processing methods and chromatographic peak integration. The overlay of the chromatograms obtained at the successive dilution steps highlights the evolution of the analytical response: a progressive variation in the NH_3 peak area is observed as a function of the generated concentration. This direct relationship forms the basis of the calibration curve.



Overlay of calibration chromatograms

The linear regression shows an excellent correlation coefficient ($R^2 = 0.998$), confirming the quality of the linearity over the range investigated. Method repeatability was assessed from five injections at each concentration level. The results show relative standard deviations (RSD) below 5 % for all calibration points, indicating very good precision and excellent reproducibility of the system.



Concentration	RSD %
100ppm	1,57
50ppm	0,96
30ppm	1,99
10ppm	4,75

RSD (%) at the different concentration levels

Conclusion

The solution offered by SRA Instruments, combining the dynamic diluter with the μ GC controlled by SOPRANE CDS, enables reliable and reproducible calibrations of ammonia. It delivers the precise generation of gas mixtures and their analysis with excellent linearity, suitable for concentration levels in the ppm range. Despite the well-known difficulties associated with NH_3 sampling and analysis (adsorption, memory effects, sensitivity to operating conditions), this approach delivers robust analytical performance. It therefore represents a relevant solution for the accurate quantification of ammonia, both in routine and industrial applications.

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